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BOX: PATENT APPLICATION

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Re: Application of Hidemi SASAKI
ELECTRONIC STILL CAMERA WITH PRINTER
Our Reference: Q60032

Dear Sir:

Attached hereto is the application identified above including the specification, claims, executed Declaration and Power of Attorney, seven (7) sheets of drawings, one (1) priority document, Information Disclosure Statement and PTO Form 1449 with references, executed Assignment and PTO Form 1595.

The Government filing fee is calculated as follows:

Total Claims	14 - 20 =	0 x \$18 =	\$ 000.00
Independent Claims	1 - 3 =	0 x \$78 =	\$ 000.00
Base Filing Fee	(\$690.00)		\$ 690.00
Multiple Dep. Claim Fee	(\$260.00)		\$ 260.00
TOTAL FILING FEE			\$ 950.00
Recordation of Assignment Fee			\$ 40.00
TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT FEE			\$ 990.00

Checks for the statutory filing fee of \$ 950.00 and Assignment recordation fee of \$ 40.00 are attached. You are also directed and authorized to charge or credit any difference or overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17 and any petitions for extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 which may be required during the entire pendency of the application to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is attached.

Priority is claimed from:

Japanese Patent Application

11-201039

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Respectfully submitted,
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Electronic Still Camera With Printer

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates an electronic still camera with a printer incorporated thereinto, and more particularly to an electronic still camera having a loading chamber for holding recording materials for the printer.

10 2. Background Arts

 Portable electronic still cameras are widely used, which convert an optical image of a subject to an electric image signal through a CCD image sensor or the like, and convert the image signal to digital image data. The image data may be written
15 in a memory for each frame, and may be read out from the memory. The electronic still camera is provided with a display panel, mostly an LCD panel, that functions either as an electronic viewfinder for displaying moving images of the subject in a real time fashion or as a monitor for displaying still images of the
20 frames written in the memory. Based on the digital image written in the memory, the images photographed by the electronic still camera may be displayed on an external display device, such as a home TV or a personal computer, or hard copies of the photographed images may be printed through an external printing
25 device.

 In order to make it possible to get hard copies of the images photographed by the electronic still camera without any external device, an electronic still camera with a printing

function has been suggested, for example, in WO99/21055. In this type of electronic still camera, an image is printed onto a self-developing type photo film unit, called an instant film unit. Therefore, the electronic still camera of this type has an optical printer section and a film pack chamber for holding an instant film pack that contains a plurality of instant photo film units in a stack, in addition to those elements which are necessary for the camera function.

In view of portability and handiness, the electronic still camera with printer should be able to use batteries as its power source, like other cameras. Since the printer section and the film pack chamber take a relatively large space in the electronic still camera, the electronic still camera with printer would have an enlarged size in order to load a power source of a sufficiently large capacity as compared to conventional electronic still cameras with no printer. Largeness would damage handiness of the electronic still camera. So it is difficult to allocate a sufficient space for the power source batteries in the electronic still camera with printer. But a small capacity power source will run down soon, because the electronic still camera consumes a remarkably large amount of electric power for driving the CCD image sensor and the LCD panel, in comparison with conventional analog cameras that directly photograph pictures on photographic film.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In view of the foregoing, an object of the present invention is to provide an electronic still camera with printer

that is able to extend a particular function without the need for enlarging the total size of the camera.

Another object of the present invention is to provide an electronic still camera that is compact and handy to carry about
5 but can work continuously for a long time.

According to the invention, an electronic still camera comprising a camera section for picking up electronic images of subjects through an image sensor, and memorizing digital image data of the electronic images, and a printer section for
10 recording images on recording materials on the basis of the digital image data, characterized by comprising:

a main power source for supplying the camera section and the printer section;

a loading chamber for holding the recording materials in
15 a position for allowing the printing section to print on the recording materials; and

a connection device provided in the loading chamber, for connecting the electronic still camera to an extending device that may be loaded in the loading chamber in place of the
20 recording materials, for extending a particular function of the electronic still camera.

Since the extending device is loaded in the loading chamber that is usually used for holding the recording materials, it comes to be possible to extend a particular function of the
25 electronic still camera while maintaining the size of the camera body unchanged.

By loading a supplementary power source as the extending device, the electronic still camera can work continuously for a long time.

It is preferable to constitute the main power source of
5 at least a rechargeable battery, and provide the electronic still camera with a charging circuit for charging the main power source with the supplementary power source.

It is more preferable to load the supplementary power source as a package that contains a plurality of rechargeable
10 batteries.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above and other objects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed
15 description of the preferred embodiments when read in association with the accompanying drawings, which are given by way of illustration only and thus are not limiting the present invention. In the drawings, like reference numerals designate like or corresponding parts throughout the several views, and
20 wherein:

Figure 1 is a front perspective view of an electronic still camera with an optical printer section according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an
25 essential feature of the present invention embodied in the electronic still camera of Fig. 1;

Figure 3 is a rear perspective view of the electronic still camera of Fig. 1;

Figure 4 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an internal construction of the electronic still camera, as viewed from the front;

Figure 5 is a perspective view of a printer section that is incorporated into the electronic still camera of Fig. 1;

Figure 6A is a vertical sectional view of the electronic still camera of Fig. 1, as loaded with a film pack;

Figure 6B is a similar view to Fig. 6A, but illustrating a condition where a large size battery pack is loaded in place of the film pack;

Figure 7 is an explanatory diagram illustrating another embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 8 is a perspective view of an electronic still camera with a thermal printer section, according to a further embodiment of the invention; and

Figure 9 is an explanatory diagram illustrating the essential features of the present invention embodied in the electronic still camera of Fig. 8.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

In an electronic still camera 2 shown in Fig. 1, a power switch 3 is located at an upper portion of a camera body. When the power switch 3 is turned on, various operation keys get effective, and the camera automatically proceeds to an imaging mode for picking up image signals from subjects. A camera lens 4 and a flash window 5 are located at upper front portions. In this embodiment, the camera lens 4 is a pan-focus lens whose depth of field ranges from 1.2 m to infinity. A grip portion

6 is provided with a battery chamber lid 7 which may be opened for loading or changing batteries 8. These batteries 8 are used as a main power source for the electronic still camera 2. In this embodiment, four pieces of AA size rechargeable batteries 5 are used for the main power source batteries 8. A picture taking button 9 is located at a front area of the grip portion 6.

A film exit slot 10 is formed through a top face of the camera body, and is usually covered with a light-shielding door 11. As shown in Fig. 2, an instant film pack 13 containing a stack of instant film units 12 may be loaded in a loading chamber 16 by opening a front lid 14 of the camera body. A printer section 15 is disposed on a bottom area of the loading chamber 16. The film units 12 are successively exposed through the printer section 15, and ejected through the film exit slot 10 while pushing up the light-shielding door 11. The instant film unit 12 may be of a conventional self-developing type photo film unit with a pod 12a of processing fluid (see Fig. 4).

The loading chamber 16 may be alternatively used as a subsidiary battery chamber for holding a battery pack 17 in place of the film pack 13. The battery pack 17 contains six pieces of rechargeable batteries 18 in a case 19. The case 19 has a similar contour to the film pack 13, and is provided with a pair of terminal connectors 21 on one end thereof. Counterpart connectors 22 with electric contacts 22a are formed in one side wall of the loading chamber 16. Thus, the battery pack 17 is connected to an electric circuit of the electronic still camera 2 through connection between the connectors 21 and 22. The battery pack 17 is used as a supplementary power source

that may supply the electronic still camera in place of the main power source 8, or may be used for charging the main power source batteries 8. It is possible to use non-rechargeable batteries as the main power source. In that case, the battery pack 17 is used as an alternative power source only.

On a rear side of the electronic still camera 2 of this embodiment, there are provided an LCD panel 24, a multi-operation button 26, a mode shifting key 27, a print start key 28 and an information display panel 29 for displaying information on photography and printing. The LCD panel 25 constitutes an electronic viewfinder for displaying moving images of subjects in a photographic field of the camera lens 4 in a real time fashion, and also serves as a monitor for displaying still images based on digital image data written in a memory. The memory may be a build-in memory of the electronic still camera 2 or a memory medium that may be attached or connected to the electronic still camera 2, such as a memory card, CD-ROM, MD, DVD and the like.

Referring to Fig. 4 showing the interior of the electronic still camera 2, an imaging unit 34 including a CCD image sensor 33 is disposed behind the camera lens 4. A pair of developing rollers 36 are disposed between the loading chamber 16 and the film exit slot 10, for feeding the exposed instant film unit 12 from the film pack 13 to the film exit slot 10. A developing mechanism 37, a head scanning mechanism 40 for a linear optical printing head 39, and a control section 42 are also disposed around the loading chamber 16. Designated by 38 is a flash circuit board. The developing rollers 36 and the developing

mechanism 37 are driven by a motor 41. The developing rollers 36 and the developing mechanism 37 may have the same construction as used in conventional instant cameras, such as disclosed in JPA 4-194832, and operate in the same way as conventional, so detailed description of these elements are omitted for brevity.

In the imaging mode, an optical image formed through the camera lens 4 on the CCD image sensor 33 is converted into digital image data, and is simultaneously displayed on the LCD panel 24. Upon the picture taking button 9 being pressed, a frame of digital image data of the subject image displayed on the LCD panel 24 at that moment is written as a still image in the memory. By operating the mode shift key 27, the electronic still camera 2 may be switched to a monitoring mode wherein the operator may display an appropriate one of the memorized still images on the LCD panel 24, or to a printing mode wherein an appropriate number of hard copies of an image selected on the LCD panel 24 may be made by operating the multi-operation button 26 and the print star key 27.

As shown in Fig 5, the head scanning mechanism 40 is driven by a scanning motor 43. The developing rollers 36, the developing mechanism 37, the printing head 39, the head driving mechanism 40, and the motors 41 and 43 constitute the printer section 15. The printing head 39 extends along a direction perpendicular to a film advancing direction toward the film exit slot 10, and is moved back and forth along the film advancing direction by the head scanning mechanism 40 when the scanning motor 43 is rotated back and forth. Hereinafter, the lengthwise

direction of the printing head 39 will be called a main scan direction M, while the moving direction of the printing head 39 will be called a sub scan direction S.

The printing head 39 has an optical element array that
5 can project red, green and blue light beams as a linear optical image along the main scan direction onto an exposure surface of the instant film unit 12 that is disposed behind an exposure opening 13a of the film pack 13. The optical element array may be constituted of LCD segments arranged in a row which are driven
10 in combination with a fluorescent lamp and three color filters, or red, green and blue LEDs arranged in three rows. The printing head 39 projects light beams of one color, while being moved from one end to the other end of the exposure opening 13a in the sub scan direction S, so one color frame of a full-color
15 image is photographically printed line after line on the exposure surface. The printing head 32 makes one and half reciprocation in the sub scan direction S to print the full-color image in a three color frame sequential fashion on each film unit 12. However, it is possible to construct or drive
20 the printing head 39 such that three color frames are printed concurrently during one way movement of the printing head 39 in the sub scan direction S. It is also possible to use a stationary linear printing head, and expose the instant film unit 12 line after line while advancing the instant film unit
25 12 toward the film exit slot 10.

After the full-color image is printed as a latent image on the exposure surface of the instant film unit 12, the developing rollers 36 and the developing mechanism 37 are driven

by the motor 41 to advance the exposed instant film unit 12 out of the film pack 13 toward the film exit slot 10.

The control section 42 includes an image processing circuit and other necessary components for controlling the overall operation of the electronic still camera 2 in accordance with input signals from the multi-operation button 26, the mode shift key 27 and the print key 28. The control section 42 also includes the built-in memory 45 and a charging circuit 46 that is used for charging the main power source batteries 8 with the battery pack 17.

The electronic still camera 2 having the above described construction operates as follows:

To use the camera function of the electronic still camera 2 continuously for a long time, the battery pack 17 is loaded in the loading chamber 16. Then the battery pack 17 is connected through the connectors 22 and 21 to the circuit of the electronic still camera 2.

When the power switch 3 is turned on, the electronic still camera 2 is initially set to the imaging mode. In the imaging mode, an optical image formed through the camera lens 4 on the CCD image sensor 33 is continuously converted into digital image data, and is simultaneously displayed on the LCD panel 24. Upon the picture taking button 9 being pressed, image data of a frame of image displayed on the LCD panel 24 at that moment is written as a still image frame in the memory 45. The memory 45 is capable of storing image data of 50 still image frames. After the maximum number of image frames are written in the memory 45, it is possible to delete unnecessary image frames from the

memory 45 or transfer the image data to an external memory, while monitoring the memorized image frames on the LCD panel 24 in the monitoring mode by operating the mode shift key 27 and the multi-operation button 26. Thus, it is possible to take more
5 than 50 frames repeatedly by the electronic still camera 2.

Since the battery pack 17 is connected as the supplementary power source in addition to the main power source batteries 8, the electronic still camera 2 may be supplied either from the main power source 8 or from the battery pack
10 17. Therefore, the electronic still camera 2 can work continuously for a long time, even though the LCD panel 24 and the CCD image sensor 33 consume a relatively large amount of electric power. While the electronic still camera 2 is not used, the electronic still camera 2 may be set to a charging mode by
15 operating the mode shift key 27. Then, the charging circuit 46 is activated to charge the main power source batteries 8 with the battery pack 17. Thereby, the voltage of the main power source 8 is restored to a sufficient level enough for driving the printer section 15.

20 For printing, the battery pack 17 is replaced by the film pack 13, and the printing mode is selected by operating the mode shift key 27. After selecting an appropriate one of the memorized still images on the LCD panel 24, and designating the number of hard copies to make by operating the multi-operation
25 button 26, the operator presses the print star key 27. Then the control section 24 drives the printing head 39 in accordance with image data read out from the memory 45, and also drives the head scanning mechanism 40 in synchronism with the printing

head 39. For example, the printing head 39 moves from an initial position shown by phantom lines in Fig. 5 to a terminal position shown by solid lines, while projecting red light beams across the main scan direction M in accordance with red image data of the selected image. Thus, a red frame of the selected full-color image is printed line after line as a latent image on the exposure surface of the instant film unit 12. Thereafter, while moving from the terminal position to the initial position, the printing head 39 prints line after line a green frame of the selected image as a latent image on the exposure surface of the instant film unit 12 in accordance with green image data of the selected image. And then, while moving from the initial position to the terminal position, the printing head 39 prints line after line a blue frame of the selected image as a latent image on the exposure surface of the instant film unit 12 in accordance with blue image data of the selected image.

After printing the three color frames of the selected image sequentially on the exposure surface, the printing head 39 is moved further from the terminal position toward the developing rollers 36 into a retracted position. Then, the developing mechanism 37 is driven by the motor 41 to push the exposed instant film unit 12 at its trailing end by a claw member, thereby to advance the film unit 12 out of the film pack 13. The developing rollers 36 are also rotated to nip and draw the instant film unit 12 thereinto, and feed the instant film unit 12 out to the film exit slot 10. After the exposed instant film unit 12 is fed out of the film pack 13, the scanning motor 44

is driven to move the printing head 39 back to the initial position.

As the instant film unit 12 is squeezed through the developing rollers 36, the pod 12a is ruptured, and the
5 processing liquid is spread on the instant film unit 12. Thus, the three color latent images are developed into a positive full-color image in a few minutes.

When all of the instant film units 12 contained in the film pack 13 have been exposed, the emptied film pack 13 may
10 be replaced by a new film pack 13, to continue printing. It is preferable to load the battery pack 17 in the loading chamber 16 and recharge the main power source batteries 8 with the battery pack 17 prior to loading the new film pack 13. Thereby, a large number of instant film units may be exposed in succession
15 at any places, e.g. outdoors, without the need for recharging the main power source batteries 8 through a separate charging device that is connected to the AC power supply network.

Although the battery pack 17 is loaded in the loading chamber 16 in place of the film pack 13 while the printer section
20 15 is not used in the above description, it is of course possible to drive the camera section including the CCD image sensor 33 for photography by the main power source 8 while the film pack 13 is loaded in the loading chamber 16. In that case, the electronic still camera 2 may be appropriately switched over
25 between the imaging mode, the monitoring mode and the printing mode, to printed out photographed images immediately after their image data is written in the memory 45.

Meanwhile, since a room 71 for the reciprocation of the printing head 39 in the sub scan direction S is provided in connection to the loading chamber 16, as shown in Fig. 6A, and the printing head 39 stays in the initial position except when
5 the printing process is carried out, as shown by solid line in Fig. 6A, most space in the room 71 remains open while the battery pack 17 of the same size as the film pack 13 is loaded in the loading chamber 16. Therefore, it is preferable to provide a battery pack 72 that is shaped to take up not only the loading
10 chamber 16 but also the open space of the room 71, as shown in Fig. 6B. Because the large size battery pack 72 can contain a larger number of batteries, the capacity of the supplementary power source is enlarged, while the size of the camera body is maintained unchanged.

15 Although the above embodiment has been described on the assumption that the film pack 13 may not be unloaded unless all of the contained instant film units 12 are exposed and ejected from the electronic still camera 2, the present invention is applicable to those still cameras which can load another type
20 of film pack that may be repeatedly unloaded and reloaded while it contains unexposed instant film units. In that case, if the main power source batteries 8 run down before all of the instant film units 12 in the film pack have been exposed, the main power source batteries 8 may be recharged with the battery pack 17
25 or 72 by unloading the film pack and loading the battery pack 17 or 72 instead. After the main power source batteries 8 are fully recharged, the half-used film pack may be loaded again in the loading chamber 16 to continue printing.

It is possible to make the loading chamber 16 capable of loading an AC/DC adapter 73, a hard disc assembly 74, a memory pack 75, or another kind of extending attachment, as shown in Fig. 7. In this embodiment, a connector 78 for data communication is provided beside a connector 22 for power supply in the loading chamber 16, whereas a power supply connector 76 is formed on each of the AC/DC adapter 73 and the hard disc assembly 74, and a data communication connector 77 is formed on each of the hard disc assembly 74 and the memory pack 75. It is also possible to provide a specific package containing a memory and supplementary batteries and having a contour that fits in the loading chamber 16. Thereby, both the memory capacity and the power source capacity may be increased while keeping balance with each other.

Although the printer section 15 of the electronic still camera of the above embodiments is of an optical type that prints an image photographically on an instant film unit, the present invention is applicable to an electronic still camera with another type of printer section, such as a thermosensitive type, a thermal transfer type, an ink-jet type, a laser scanning type and so forth.

According to an embodiment shown in Figs. 8 and 9, an electronic still camera 80 is provided with a thermal transfer type printer section. A camera lens 81 is located on a front portion, and a not-shown CCD image sensor is disposed behind the camera lens 81. A viewfinder 82, an LCD panel 83, a mode shifting button 84, and a lid 86 are located on the back side of the camera 80. A slot 87 provided on one side of the camera

80 is for inserting a memory disc or card 85, that is used for storing image data picked up through the CCD image sensor. The lid 86 may be opened for loading and unloading a cartridge 88 or a battery pack 89 into and out of a loading chamber 90.

5 Inside the loading chamber 90 are disposed a thermal head 92 and a platen roller 94. The cartridge 88 contains a roll 95 of recording paper 93 and an ink ribbon 96, such that the recording paper 93 and the ink ribbon 96 are nipped between the thermal head 92 and the platen roller 94 when the cartridge 88
10 is loaded in the loading chamber 90. As the platen roller 94 rotates, the thermal head 92 heats the ink ribbon 96, so the ink is transferred serially to the recording paper 93 as passing through the thermal head 92. A leading portion of the recording paper 93 having an image printed thereon is cut off from the
15 roll 95, and ejected out of the camera 80.

 A pair of connectors 98 are also provided in the loading chamber 90. When the battery pack 89 is loaded in the loading chamber 90, a pair of terminal connectors 99 of the battery pack 89 are connected to these connectors 98. Then it comes to be
20 possible to charge a main power source batteries 101 with the battery pack 89, or use the battery pack 89 as a supplementary power source.

 Thus, the present invention is not to be limited to the above embodiments but, on the contrary, various modifications
25 will be possible to those skilled in the art without departing from the scope of claims appended hereto.

What is claimed is:

1. An electronic still camera comprising a camera section for picking up electronic images of subjects through an image
5 sensor, and memorizing digital image data of the electronic images, and a printer section for recording images on recording materials on the basis of the digital image data, characterized by comprising:

a main power source for supplying the camera section and
10 the printer section;

a loading chamber for holding the recording materials in a position for allowing the printing section to print on the recording materials; and

a connection device provided in the loading chamber, for
15 connecting the electronic still camera to an extending device that may be loaded in the loading chamber in place of the recording materials, for extending a particular function of the electronic still camera.

20 2. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1, wherein the extending device includes a supplementary power source.

3. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 2,
25 wherein the main power source is constituted of at least a rechargeable battery, and the electronic still camera further comprises a charging circuit for charging the main power source with the supplementary power source.

4. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 2 or 3, wherein the supplementary power source is loaded as a package containing a plurality of rechargeable batteries.

5 5. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the printing section includes a printing head that records an image on an recording surface of the recording material while moving in a plane parallel to the recording surface, and a room for the movement of the printing head is
10 provided in connection to the loading chamber for holding the recording material, wherein the extending device is sized to take up the room for the movement of the printing head as well as the loading chamber.

15 6. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1, wherein the extending device includes an AC/DC adapter.

 7. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1, wherein the recording material is a self-developing type
20 instant photo film unit with a pod of processing fluid, and the printer section comprises an optical printing head for projecting light beams onto the instant photo film unit in accordance with the digital image data, and a developing device including a pair of developing rollers for advancing the instant
25 photo film unit after exposed out of the electronic still camera while rupturing the pod and spreading the processing fluid on the instant photo film unit.

8. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1 or
7, wherein the recording materials are loaded as a package or
cartridge in the loading chamber, and the package or cartridge
may be unloaded from and reloaded in the loading chamber while
5 the recording materials remain unused in the package or
cartridge.

9. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1,
wherein the extending device includes a memory medium.

10

10. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1,
wherein the extending device includes a hard disc.

11. An electronic still camera as claimed in claim 1,
15 wherein the printing section is of a thermal printing type.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

There is disclosed an electronic still camera that has a printer section in addition to a camera section. The printer section prints an image on a self-developing type instant photo film unit in accordance with digital image data picked up and memorized through the camera section. A film pack containing a stack of instant photo film units is loaded in a loading chamber of the electronic still camera, such that the instant photo film units of the film pack are successively exposed through the printer section. A connector device for connecting a battery pack to the electronic still camera is provided in the loading chamber, whereas a charging circuit for charging a main power source with the battery pack is provided in the electronic still camera.

FIG. 1

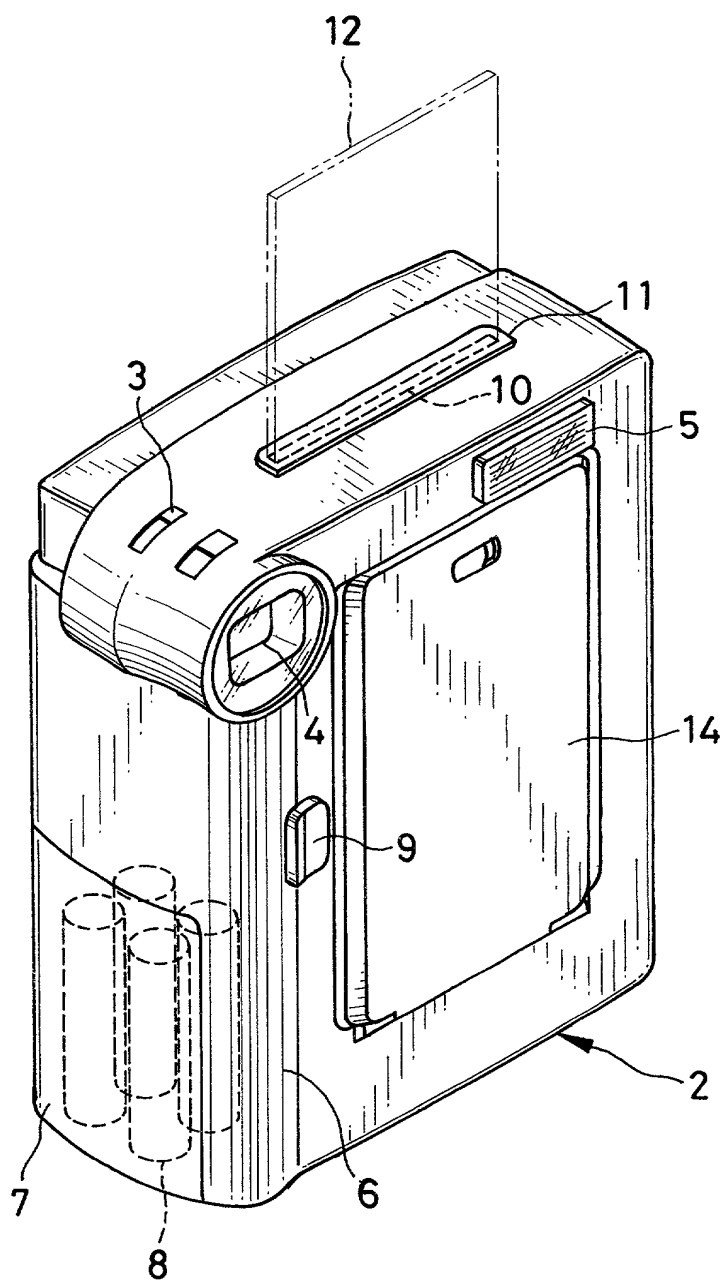


FIG. 2

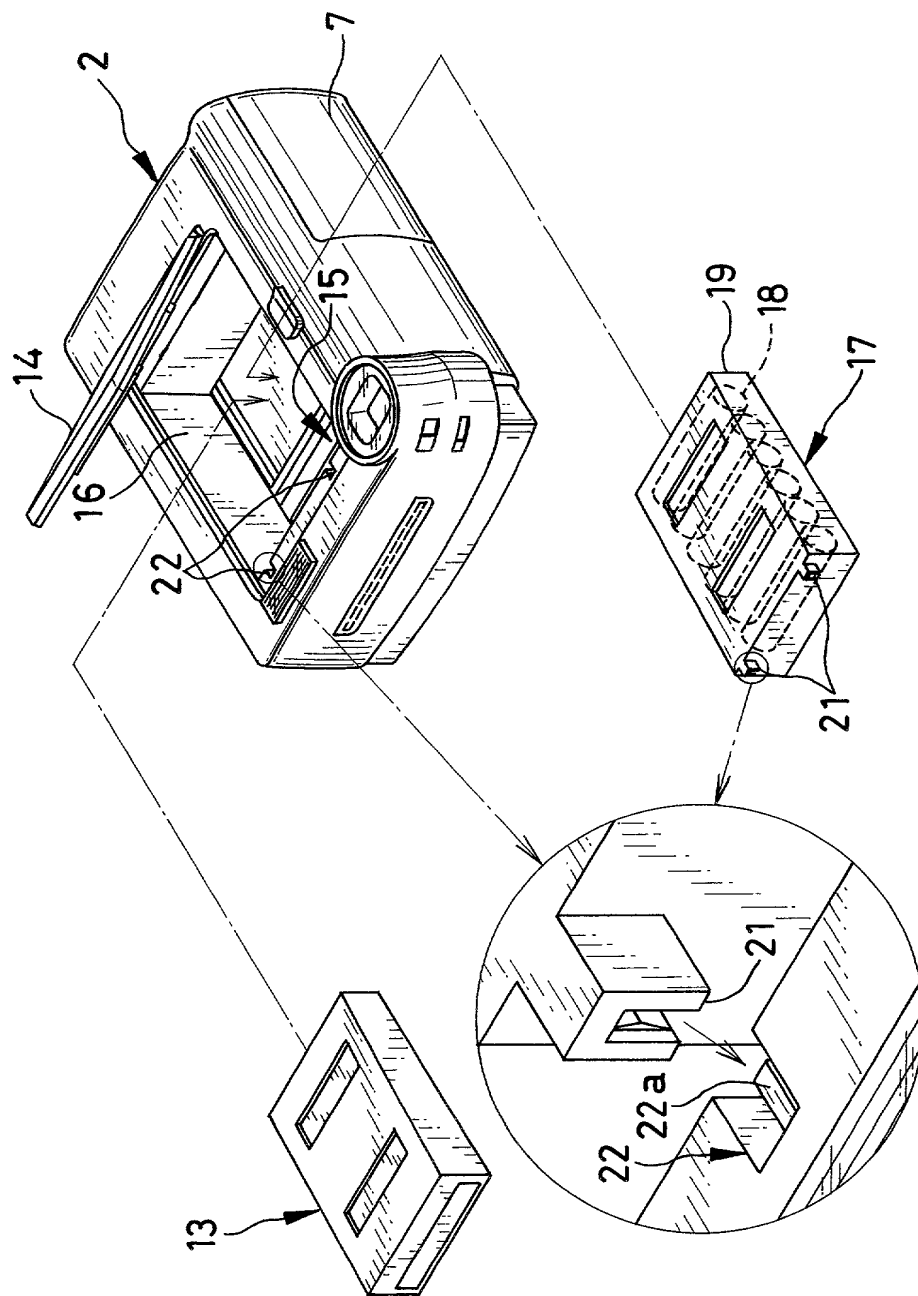
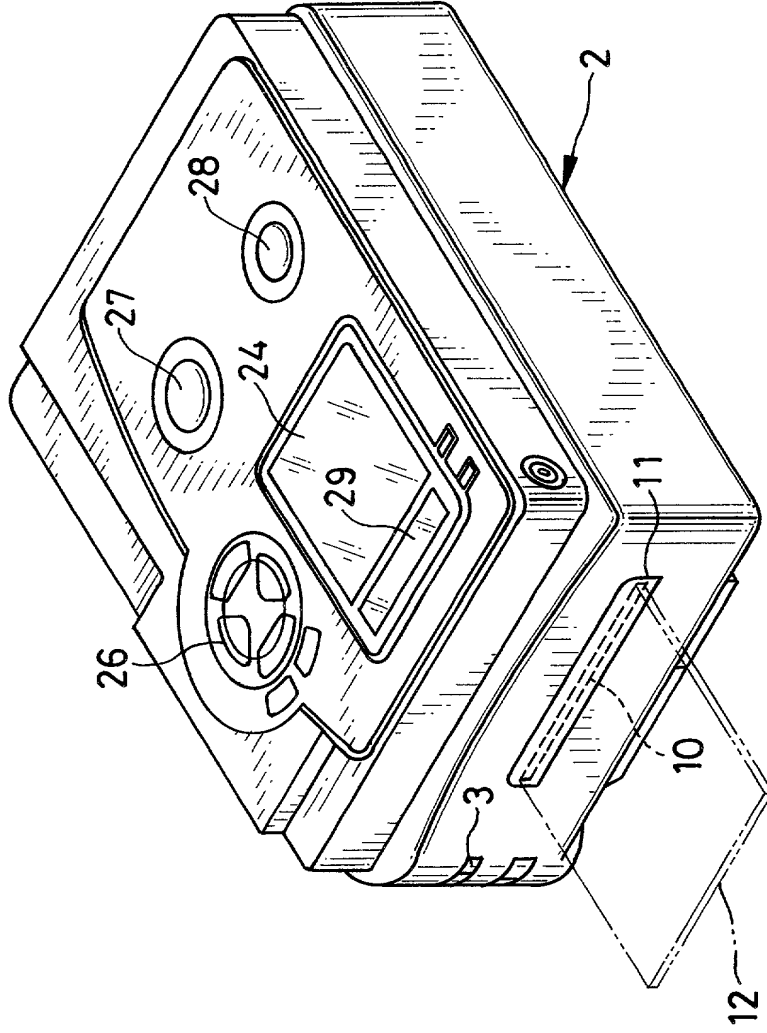


FIG. 3



Variable	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Age	34.5	10.2	22	55
Gender	0.5	0.5	0	1
Marital status	0.7	0.5	0	1
Education	12.5	1.5	10	15
Income	1500	500	1000	2500
Health status	0.8	0.4	0	1
Employment status	0.6	0.5	0	1
Home ownership	0.9	0.3	0	1
Vehicle ownership	0.7	0.4	0	1
Life satisfaction	4.5	1.0	3	6
Life expectancy	75	5	65	85
Healthcare expenditure	1000	300	700	1500
Life expectancy at birth	75	5	65	85
Life expectancy at age 65	15	3	10	20
Life expectancy at age 75	10	2	5	15
Life expectancy at age 85	5	1	2	8
Life expectancy at age 95	2	0.5	1	3
Life expectancy at age 105	1	0.2	0	1
Life expectancy at age 115	0.5	0.1	0	0.5
Life expectancy at age 125	0.2	0.05	0	0.2
Life expectancy at age 135	0.1	0.02	0	0.1
Life expectancy at age 145	0.05	0.01	0	0.05
Life expectancy at age 155	0.02	0.005	0	0.02
Life expectancy at age 165	0.01	0.001	0	0.01
Life expectancy at age 175	0.005	0.0005	0	0.005
Life expectancy at age 185	0.002	0.0002	0	0.002
Life expectancy at age 195	0.001	0.0001	0	0.001
Life expectancy at age 205	0.0005	0.00005	0	0.0005
Life expectancy at age 215	0.0002	0.00002	0	0.0002
Life expectancy at age 225	0.0001	0.00001	0	0.0001
Life expectancy at age 235	0.00005	0.000005	0	0.00005
Life expectancy at age 245	0.00002	0.000002	0	0.00002
Life expectancy at age 255	0.00001	0.000001	0	0.00001
Life expectancy at age 265	0.000005	0.0000005	0	0.000005
Life expectancy at age 275	0.000002	0.0000002	0	0.000002
Life expectancy at age 285	0.000001	0.0000001	0	0.000001
Life expectancy at age 295	0.0000005	0.00000005	0	0.0000005
Life expectancy at age 305	0.0000002	0.00000002	0	0.0000002
Life expectancy at age 315	0.0000001	0.00000001	0	0.0000001
Life expectancy at age 325	0.00000005	0.000000005	0	0.00000005
Life expectancy at age 335	0.00000002	0.000000002	0	0.00000002
Life expectancy at age 345	0.00000001	0.000000001	0	0.00000001
Life expectancy at age 355	0.000000005	0.0000000005	0	0.000000005
Life expectancy at age 365	0.000000002	0.0000000002	0	0.000000002
Life expectancy at age 375	0.000000001	0.0000000001	0	0.000000001
Life expectancy at age 385	0.0000000005	0.00000000005	0	0.0000000005
Life expectancy at age 395	0.0000000002	0.00000000002	0	0.0000000002
Life expectancy at age 405	0.0000000001	0.00000000001	0	0.0000000001
Life expectancy at age 415	0.00000000005	0.000000000005	0	0.00000000005
Life expectancy at age 425	0.00000000002	0.000000000002	0	0.00000000002
Life expectancy at age 435	0.00000000001	0.000000000001	0	0.00000000001
Life expectancy at age 445	0.000000000005	0.0000000000005	0	0.000000000005
Life expectancy at age 455	0.000000000002	0.0000000000002	0	0.000000000002
Life expectancy at age 465	0.000000000001	0.0000000000001	0	0.000000000001
Life expectancy at age 475	0.0000000000005	0.00000000000005	0	0.0000000000005
Life expectancy at age 485	0.0000000000002	0.00000000000002	0	0.0000000000002
Life expectancy at age 495	0.0000000000001	0.00000000000001	0	0.0000000000001
Life expectancy at age 505	0.00000000000005	0.000000000000005	0	0.00000000000005
Life expectancy at age 515	0.00000000000002	0.000000000000002	0	0.00000000000002
Life expectancy at age 525	0.00000000000001	0.000000000000001	0	0.0000000000



Variable	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Age	34.5	10.2	22	55
Gender	0.5	0.5	0	1
Marital status	0.7	0.5	0	1
Education	12.5	1.5	10	15
Income	1500	500	1000	2500
Health status	0.8	0.4	0	1
Employment status	0.6	0.5	0	1
Home ownership	0.9	0.3	0	1
Vehicle ownership	0.7	0.4	0	1
Life satisfaction	4.5	1.0	3	6
Life expectancy	75	5	65	85
Healthcare expenditure	1000	300	700	1500
Life expectancy at birth	75	5	65	85
Life expectancy at age 65	15	3	10	20
Life expectancy at age 75	10	2	5	15
Life expectancy at age 85	5	1	2	8
Life expectancy at age 95	2	0.5	1	3
Life expectancy at age 105	1	0.2	0	1
Life expectancy at age 115	0.5	0.1	0	0.5
Life expectancy at age 125	0.2	0.05	0	0.2
Life expectancy at age 135	0.1	0.02	0	0.1
Life expectancy at age 145	0.05	0.01	0	0.05
Life expectancy at age 155	0.02	0.005	0	0.02
Life expectancy at age 165	0.01	0.001	0	0.01
Life expectancy at age 175	0.005	0.0005	0	0.005
Life expectancy at age 185	0.002	0.0002	0	0.002
Life expectancy at age 195	0.001	0.0001	0	0.001
Life expectancy at age 205	0.0005	0.00005	0	0.0005
Life expectancy at age 215	0.0002	0.00002	0	0.0002
Life expectancy at age 225	0.0001	0.00001	0	0.0001
Life expectancy at age 235	0.00005	0.000005	0	0.00005
Life expectancy at age 245	0.00002	0.000002	0	0.00002
Life expectancy at age 255	0.00001	0.000001	0	0.00001
Life expectancy at age 265	0.000005	0.0000005	0	0.000005
Life expectancy at age 275	0.000002	0.0000002	0	0.000002
Life expectancy at age 285	0.000001	0.0000001	0	0.000001
Life expectancy at age 295	0.0000005	0.00000005	0	0.0000005
Life expectancy at age 305	0.0000002	0.00000002	0	0.0000002
Life expectancy at age 315	0.0000001	0.00000001	0	0.0000001
Life expectancy at age 325	0.00000005	0.000000005	0	0.00000005
Life expectancy at age 335	0.00000002	0.000000002	0	0.00000002
Life expectancy at age 345	0.00000001	0.000000001	0	0.00000001
Life expectancy at age 355	0.000000005	0.0000000005	0	0.000000005
Life expectancy at age 365	0.000000002	0.0000000002	0	0.000000002
Life expectancy at age 375	0.000000001	0.0000000001	0	0.000000001
Life expectancy at age 385	0.0000000005	0.00000000005	0	0.0000000005
Life expectancy at age 395	0.0000000002	0.00000000002	0	0.0000000002
Life expectancy at age 405	0.0000000001	0.00000000001	0	0.0000000001
Life expectancy at age 415	0.00000000005	0.000000000005	0	0.00000000005
Life expectancy at age 425	0.00000000002	0.000000000002	0	0.00000000002
Life expectancy at age 435	0.00000000001	0.000000000001	0	0.00000000001
Life expectancy at age 445	0.000000000005	0.0000000000005	0	0.000000000005
Life expectancy at age 455	0.000000000002	0.0000000000002	0	0.000000000002
Life expectancy at age 465	0.000000000001	0.0000000000001	0	0.000000000001
Life expectancy at age 475	0.0000000000005	0.00000000000005	0	0.0000000000005
Life expectancy at age 485	0.0000000000002	0.00000000000002	0	0.0000000000002
Life expectancy at age 495	0.0000000000001	0.00000000000001	0	0.0000000000001
Life expectancy at age 505	0.00000000000005	0.000000000000005	0	0.00000000000005
Life expectancy at age 515	0.00000000000002	0.000000000000002	0	0.00000000000002
Life expectancy at age 525	0.00000000000001	0.000000000000001	0	0.0000000000



FIG. 6A

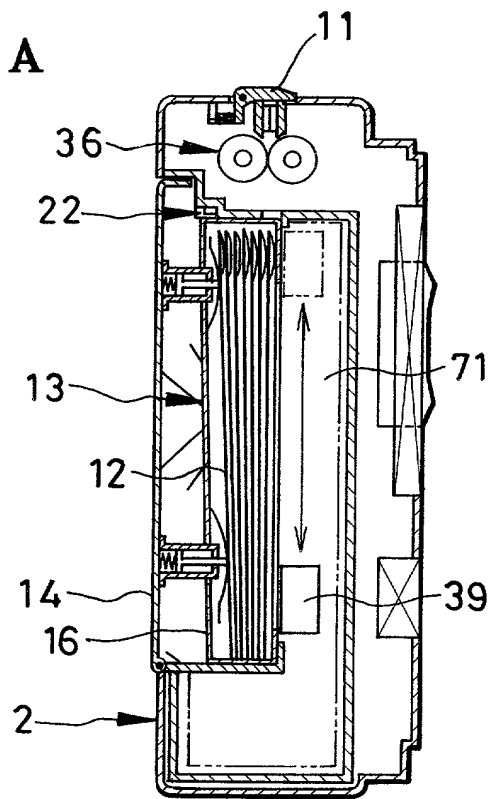
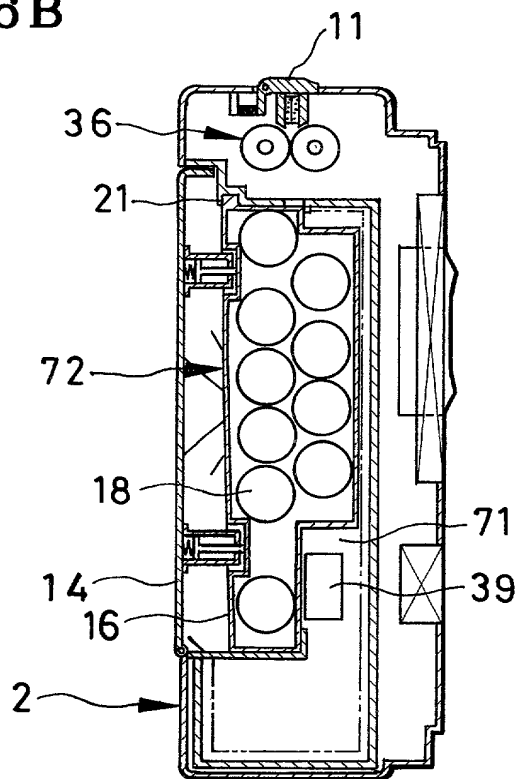
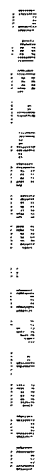


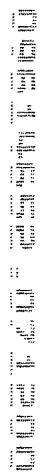
FIG. 6B



Variable	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Age	34.5	10.5	18	65
Gender	Male	Female		
Marital status	Married	Single		
Education	High school	College		
Occupation	Manager	Worker		
Income	\$10,000	\$20,000		
Health status	Good	Poor		
Smoking status	Smoker	Non-smoker		
Alcohol consumption	Regular	Occasional		
Exercise frequency	Regular	Occasional		
Stress level	High	Low		
Sleep quality	Good	Poor		
Dietary habits	Healthy	Unhealthy		
Family size	2	3		
Work hours	40	50		
Commuting time	30	45		
Home ownership	Owner	Renter		
Neighborhood safety	Safe	Unsafe		
Access to healthcare	Yes	No		
Health insurance	Yes	No		
Medical history	None	Chronic		
Genetic factors	None	Present		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		
Behavioral factors	Low	High		
Environmental factors	Low	High		
Lifestyle factors	Low	High		
Psychological factors	Low	High		
Social factors	Low	High		
Economic factors	Low	High		
Demographic factors	Low	High		
Geographic factors	Low	High		
Temporal factors	Low	High		



Variable	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Age	34.5	10.5	20	55
Gender	Male	Female	Male	Female
Marital status	Married	Single	Married	Single
Education	High school	College	High school	College
Occupation	Manager	Worker	Manager	Worker
Income	Low	High	Low	High
Health status	Good	Poor	Good	Poor
Life satisfaction	High	Low	High	Low
Stress level	Low	High	Low	High
Work-life balance	Good	Poor	Good	Poor
Job satisfaction	High	Low	High	Low
Organizational commitment	High	Low	High	Low
Turnover intention	Low	High	Low	High
Employee engagement	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace well-being	High	Low	High	Low
Organizational citizenship behavior	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace deviance	Low	High	Low	High
Workplace safety	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace environment	Good	Poor	Good	Poor
Workplace culture	Positive	Negative	Positive	Negative
Workplace diversity	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace innovation	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace productivity	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace quality	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace performance	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace success	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace achievement	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace fulfillment	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace meaning	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace purpose	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace vision	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace mission	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace values	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace beliefs	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace attitudes	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace behaviors	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace actions	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace decisions	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace choices	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace preferences	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace interests	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace passions	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace dreams	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace hopes	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace wishes	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace desires	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace needs	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace wants	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace requirements	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace expectations	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace standards	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace goals	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace objectives	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace outcomes	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace results	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace achievements	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace successes	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace accomplishments	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace milestones	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace landmarks	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace events	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace occasions	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace moments	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace experiences	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace memories	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace feelings	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace emotions	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace moods	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace states	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace conditions	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace situations	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace contexts	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace environments	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace settings	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace locations	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace places	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace areas	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace spaces	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace zones	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace regions	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace territories	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace domains	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace spheres	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace circles	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace rings	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace bands	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace layers	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace levels	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace ranks	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace grades	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace classes	High	Low	High	Low
Workplace orders	High	Low	High</	



Declaration and Power of Attorney for Patent Application

特許出願宣言書

Japanese Language Declaration

私は、下欄に氏名を記載した発明として、以下の通り宣言する：

私の住所、郵便の宛先および国籍は、下欄に氏名に続いて記載したとおりであり、

名称の発明に関し、請求の範囲に記載した特許を求める主題の本来の、最初にして唯一の発明者である（一人の氏名のみが下欄に記載されている場合）か、もしくは本来の、最初にして共同の発明者である（複数の氏名が下欄に記載されている場合）と信じ、

その明細書を
(該当するほうに印を付す)

☐ ここに添付する。

☐ _____ 日に出願番号

第 _____ 号として提出し、

_____ 日に補正した。
(該当する場合)

私は、前記のとおり補正した請求の範囲を含む前記明細書の内容を検討し、理解したことを陳述する。

私は、連邦規則法典第37部第1章第56条(a)項に従い、本願の審査に所要の情報を開示すべき義務を有することを認める。

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

Electronic Still Camera With

Printer

the specification of which
(check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as

Application Serial No. _____

and was amended on _____
(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

Japanese Language Declaration

私は、合衆国法典第35部第119条、第172条、又は第365条に基づく下記の外国特許出願又は発明者証出願の外国優先権利益を主張し、さらに優先権の主張に係わる基礎出願の出願日前の出願日を有する外国特許出願又は発明者証出願を以下に明記する：

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code §119, §172 or §365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior foreign applications

先の外国出願

Priority claimed

優先権の主張

(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)	(Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願の年月日)	Yes あり	No なし
11-201039	Japan	14/7/1999	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)	(Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願の年月日)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)	(Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願の年月日)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)	(Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願の年月日)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)	(Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願の年月日)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)	(Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願の年月日)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

私は、合衆国法典第35部第120条に基づく下記の合衆国特許出願の利益を主張し、本願の請求の範囲各項に記載の主題が合衆国法典第35部第112条第1項に規定の態様で先の合衆国出願に開示されていない限度において、先の出願の出願日と本願の国内出願日又はPCT国際出願日の間に公表された連邦規則法典第37部第1章第56条(a)項に記載の所要の情報を開示すべき義務を有することを認める。

I hereby claim the benefit of Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose any material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)	(現況) 特許済み、係属中、放棄済み	(Status) (patented, pending abandoned)
(Application Serial No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)	(現況) 特許済み、係属中、放棄済み	(Status) (patented, pending abandoned)

私は、ここに自己の知識に基づいて行った陳述がすべて真実であり、自己の有する情報及び信ずるところに従って行った陳述が真実であると信じ、更に故意に虚偽の陳述等を行った場合、合衆国法典第18部第1001条により、罰金もしくは禁固に処せられるか、又はこれらの刑が併科され、又はかかる故意による虚偽の陳述が本願ないし本願に対して付与される特許の有効性を損なうことがあることを認識して、以上の陳述を行ったことを宣言する。

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true; and further that all statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Japanese Language Declaration

委任状： 私は、下記発明者として、以下の代理人をここに
選任し、本願の手続きを遂行すること並びにこれに関する一
切の行為を特許商標局に対して行うことを委任する。
(代理人氏名及び登録番号を明記のこと)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby
appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to
prosecute this application and transact all business in the
Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (*list
name and registration number*)

I hereby appoint John H. Mion, Reg. No. 18,879; Donald E. Zinn, Reg. No. 19,046; Thomas J. Macpeak, Reg. No. 19,292;
Robert J. Seas, Jr., Reg. No. 21,092; Darryl Mexic, Reg. No. 23,063; Robert V. Sloan, Reg. No. 22,775; Peter D. Olexy, Reg.
No. 24,513; J. Frank Osha, Reg. No. 24,625; Waddell A. Biggart, Reg. No. 24,861; Robert G. McMorrow, Reg. No. 19,093;
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No. 33,276; Bruce E. Kramer, Reg. No. 33,725; Paul F. Neils, Reg. No. 33,102; and Brett S. Sylvester, Reg. No. 32,765, my
attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and
request that all correspondence about the application be addressed to SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC, 2100
Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037-3202.

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		3-13-45 Senzui, Asaka-shi, Saitama, Japan	
第二の共同発明者の氏名 (該当する場合)		Full name of second joint inventor, if any	
同第二発明者の署名	日付	Second inventor's signature	Date
住所		Residence	
国籍		Citizenship	
郵便の宛先		Post office address	

(第三又はそれ以降の共同発明者に対しても同様な情報
および署名を提供すること。)

(Supply similar information and signature for third and
subsequent joint inventors.)